- 1 HB800
- 2 91397-2
- 3 By Representatives Bridges, Grantland, Laird, Allen, Todd,
- Bandy, Moore (M), McCutcheon, Baker (L), Galliher, Mitchell,
- Wren, McClammy, Morrison, Ball, Canfield, McLaughlin, Oden,
- 6 Robinson (J), Black, Hall, Hill, Clouse, Gipson, Sanderford,
- 7 McClurkin, Kennedy, Boothe, Morrow, Rogers, Wood, Bentley,
- 8 Grimes, Ward, Hammon, Dukes, Letson, McDaniel, Barton, Ison,
- 9 DeMarco, Payne, McMillan, Salaam, Jackson, McCampbell and
- 10 Coleman
- 11 RFD: Constitution and Elections
- 12 First Read: 02-MAY-07

1	91397-2:n:04/24/2007:FC/ll LRS2007-2347	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, a person qualified to
9		vote absentee pursuant to the federal Uniformed and
10		Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act may make
11		application for an absentee ballot by filling out
12		the federal postcard application form.
13		This bill would authorize a qualified
14		uniformed or overseas voter to request and vote an
15		absentee ballot in any primary, second primary,
16		general, special, municipal, or municipal runoff
17		election, through a secure Internet site maintained
18		by the Secretary of State if the person applies for
19		the absentee ballot through the same Internet site
20		not less than five days prior to the election in
21		which he or she desires to vote. The bill would
22		also provide penalties for any person who
23		compromises the integrity or privacy of an Internet
24		absentee ballot.
25		Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama
26		of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the

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Official Recompilation of the Constitution of

Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

21 AN ACT

To provide for an absentee balloting process through a secure Internet site maintained by the Secretary of State for certain uniformed and overseas voters; to amend Sections 17-11-10 and 17-17-24, Code of Alabama 1975, to further provide for absentee voting pursuant to this act and to

- provide penalties for any person who compromises the integrity or the privacy of an absentee ballot voted through the Internet; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.
- 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
 - Section 1. (a) Notwithstanding any other laws to the contrary, a member of the Armed Forces of the United States or any person who is otherwise qualified to vote absentee pursuant to the federal Uniformed and Overseas Citizens

 Absentee Voting Act, 42 U.S.C. 1973ff, may apply for and vote an absentee ballot in any primary, second primary, general, special, municipal, or municipal runoff election through a secure Internet site maintained by the Secretary of State not less than five days prior to the election in which the applicant desires to vote.
 - (b) The Secretary of State, in consultation with the judges of probate, circuit clerks, boards of registrars, municipal clerks, and the military department, shall promulgate pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act any rules necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.
- 25 Section 2. Section 17-11-10, Code of Alabama 1975, 26 is amended to read as follows:
- 27 "§17-11-10.

"(a) Upon receipt of the absentee ballot, the

absentee election manager shall record its receipt thereof on

the absentee list as provided in Section 17-11-5 and shall

safely keep the ballot without breaking the seal of the

affidavit envelope.

"(b) For absentee ballots received by noon on the day of the election, the absentee election manager shall, beginning at noon, deliver the sealed affidavit envelopes containing absentee ballots to the election officials provided for in Section 17-11-11. The election officials shall then call the name of each voter casting an absentee ballot with poll watchers present as may be provided under the laws of Alabama and shall examine each affidavit envelope to determine if the signature of the voter has been appropriately witnessed. If the witnessing of the signature and the information in the affidavit establish that the voter is entitled to vote by absentee ballot, then the election officials shall certify the findings, open each affidavit envelope, and deposit the plain envelope containing the absentee ballot into a sealed ballot box.

"No poll worker or other election official shall open an affidavit envelope if the envelope indicates the ballot is an unverified provisional ballot or the affidavit printed thereon is unsigned by the voter or unmarked, and no ballot envelope or ballot therein may be removed or counted. No poll worker or other election official shall open an affidavit envelope if the voter's affidavit signature or mark

is not witnessed by the signatures of two witnesses or a notary public, or other officer, including a military commissioned officer, authorized to acknowledge oaths, and no ballot envelope or ballot therein may be removed or counted. The provision for witnessing of the voter's affidavit signature or mark in Section 17-11-7 goes to the integrity and sanctity of the ballot and election. No court or other election tribunal shall allow the counting of an absentee ballot with respect to which the voter's affidavit signature or mark is not witnessed by the signatures of two witnesses 18 years of age or older or a notary public, or other officer, including a military commissioned officer, authorized to acknowledge oaths, prior to being delivered or mailed to the absentee election manager.

"Upon closing of the polls, the absentee ballots shall be counted and otherwise handled in all respects as if the absentee voter were present and voting in person.

"Precinct ballot counters may be used to count absentee ballots. Absentee election officials are to be appointed and trained in the same manner as prescribed for regular election officials. The number of absentee election officials shall be determined by the number of precinct counters provided. The county commission may provide more than one precinct ballot counter based upon the recommendation of the absentee election manager. Beginning not earlier than noon on election day, the absentee election officials shall perform the duties prescribed in Section 17-11-11.

"As regards municipalities with populations of less than 10,000, in the case of municipal elections held at a time different from a primary or general election, the return mail envelopes containing the ballots shall be delivered to the election official of the precinct of the respective voters, unless the city or town having a population of less than 10,000 inhabitants has, by permanent ordinance adopted six months prior to the municipal election, established a procedure for the appointment of absentee election officials pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 11-46-27.

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"(c) Absentee ballots cast in a primary, second primary, general, special, municipal, or municipal runoff election for federal, state, or county office by individuals voting pursuant to the federal Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act, 42 U.S.C. 1973ff et seq., and received after noon on the day of the second primary election, but not later than noon seven days after the day of the election, shall be opened and counted at the same time as the verified provisional ballots. At noon seven days after the second primary election, the absentee election manager shall deliver the sealed affidavit envelopes containing absentee ballots to the officials provided for in subsection (f) of Section 17-10-2. The officials shall call the name of each voter casting an absentee ballot in the presence of watchers designated by any interested candidates and shall examine each affidavit envelope to determine if the signature of the voter has been appropriately witnessed. If the witnessing of the

signature and the information in the affidavit establish that the voter is entitled to vote by absentee ballot, then the election officials shall certify the findings, open each affidavit envelope, and deposit the plain envelope containing the absentee ballot into a sealed ballot box.

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"No election official shall open an affidavit envelope if the affidavit printed thereon is unsigned by the voter or unmarked, and no ballot envelope or ballot therein may be removed or counted. No election official shall open an affidavit envelope if the voter's affidavit signature or mark is not witnessed by the signatures of two witnesses or a notary public, or other officer, including a military commissioned officer, authorized to acknowledge oaths, and no ballot envelope or ballot therein may be removed or counted. The provision for witnessing of the voter's affidavit signature or mark in Section 17-11-7 goes to the integrity and sanctity of the ballot and election. No court or other election tribunal shall allow the counting of an absentee ballot with respect to which the voter's affidavit signature or mark is not witnessed by the signatures of two witnesses 18 years of age or older or a notary public, or other officer, including a military commissioned officer, authorized to acknowledge oaths, prior to being delivered or mailed to the absentee election manager. A ballot voted through a secure Internet site maintained by the Secretary of State may be authenticated through an alternative method, rather than by witnesses or notarization. Any alternative method for

1 authentication shall be provided by rule promulgated by the
2 Secretary of State pursuant to the Administrative Procedure
3 Act.

"The absentee ballots described in this subsection shall be opened, counted, and tabulated. The results of the absentee ballots counted and tabulated on election day shall be amended to include the results of the absentee ballots described in this subsection.

"In all other respects, unless otherwise specifically provided by law, the absentee ballots described in this subsection shall be treated as other absentee ballots.

Section 3. Section 17-17-24, Code of Alabama of 1975, is amended to read as follows:

"\$17-17-24.

"(a) Any person who willfully changes an absentee voter's ballot to the extent that it does not reflect the voter's true ballot, any person who willfully votes more than once by absentee ballot in the same election, any person who willfully votes for another voter or falsifies absentee ballot applications or verification documents so as to vote absentee, any person who compromises the integrity or privacy of a ballot issued or voted through a secure Internet site maintained by the Secretary of State, including, but not limited to, disclosing the votes cast on the ballot, other than election officials properly acting within the scope of their responsibilities under this chapter, or any person who solicits, encourages, urges, or otherwise promotes illegal

absentee voting, shall be guilty, upon conviction, of a Class C felony. Any person who willfully aids any person unlawfully to vote an absentee ballot, any person who knowingly and unlawfully votes an absentee ballot, and any voter who votes both an absentee and a regular ballot at any election shall be similarly punished.

"(b) Upon request by the local district attorney or the Secretary of State, the Attorney General shall provide investigating assistance in instances of absentee ballot or voting violations.

"(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to impede or inhibit organized legal efforts to encourage voter participation in the election process or to discourage a candidate from encouraging electors to lawfully vote by absentee ballot."

Section 4. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 5. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.